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U.S. PATENT APPLICATION

for

**SYSTEM FOR AND METHOD OF PROVIDING AN AIR INTERFACE
WITH VARIABLE DATA RATE BY SWITCHING THE BIT TIME**

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SYSTEM FOR AND METHOD OF PROVIDING AN AIR INTERFACE WITH VARIABLE DATA RATE BY SWITCHING THE BIT TIME

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates generally to telecommunication technologies. More particularly, an exemplary embodiment of the present invention relates to a system for and a method of providing an air interface with variable data rate by switching the bit time.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] Modern telecommunication technologies have provided dramatic increases in available bandwidth, allowing for new and improved services to end users. Wireless technologies are an example of telecommunication services or applications which have improved and achieved wide spread use among the public. The availability and presence of wireless technology allows end users to connect to networks, such as, the public switched telephone network (PSTN) without needing a physical communication connection.

[0003] Wireless communication technologies have attempted to provide the end user with higher data rate services over wireless communication connections. Higher data rate services allow for wireless Internet and other data applications. Unfortunately, increased or higher data rates lead to a decrease in sensitivity and, thus, a reduction in range. Whereas range may not be as important to data services, lower data rate services, such as, voice services require a good range. Heretofore, conventional air interfaces have provided switchable wireless

connections up to 2 Mbit/sec by switching the modulation scheme. However, switching modulation schemes also lead to a reduction in sensitivity and, thus, range.

[0004] One example of the importance of finding a solution to these problems is the developing uses of telecommunications at home, where an ever increasing Internet usage is driving increased demands for fast data communications. Indeed, home Internet users may want home telephones or other communication devices which provide and integrate both voice and data services in a mobile fashion, everywhere in the house. To provide such a home telephone, there must be an air interface which provides for voice and data with good quality and range and in a cost effective manner.

[0005] Thus, there is a need for a system for and method of providing a wireless telecommunications air interface which includes a good range for low data rate services while also including higher data rate services. Further, there is a need for increased sensitivity in wireless connections capable of both low data rate (e.g., voice) and high data rate (e.g., data) services without switching modulation schemes. Yet further, there is a need for an air interface for wireless telephones which has a variable data rate by switching the bit time.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0006] The present invention relates to wireless communications systems and methods where low data rate services, such as, voice and high data rate services, such as, data are communicated over a common air interface. This air interface includes a control channel which assigns and changes the data rate to each of several logical communication channels on a per channel basis. As such, logical communication channels can be set to a low data rate for low data rate services and to a high data rate for high data rate services.

[0007] An exemplary embodiment of the invention is related to a method of changing a physical data rate of an air interface on a per channel basis. This method can include providing a plurality of logical communication channels where the plurality of logical communication channels are configured to communicate a signal, providing a control channel that assigns data rates to the plurality of logical channels, and changing the data rates of the plurality of logical channels on a per channel basis.

[0008] Another exemplary embodiment of the invention is related to an air interface including at least one logical communication channel configured to communicate a signal and a control channel that assigns a data rate to each of the at least one logical communication channel. The control channel is configured to change the data rate assigned to each of the at least one logical communication channel.

[0009] Another exemplary embodiment of the invention is related to a wireless communication system which provides for low data rate services as well as higher data rate services without a reduction in sensitivity characteristic to switching modulation schemes. This

communication system can include a communication device capable of receiving and sending communication signals, a base station capable of receiving and sending communication signals, and an air interface of wireless communications between the communication device and the base station. The air interface includes a control channel and a plurality of logical communication channels. The control channel assigns data rates to the plurality of logical communication channels on a per channel basis.

[0010] Other principle features and advantages of the invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art upon review of the following drawings, the detailed description, and the appended claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0011] The exemplary embodiments will hereafter be described with reference to the accompanying drawings, wherein like numerals denote like elements, and:

[0012] FIGURE 1 is a diagrammatical representation of a wireless communication system in accordance with an exemplary embodiment;

[0013] FIGURE 2 is a diagrammatical representation of an air interface utilized in a wireless communication system in accordance with an exemplary embodiment; and

[0014] FIGURE 3 is a flow diagram illustrating steps in a method of operation of the air interface of FIGURE 2.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EXEMPLARY EMBODIMENTS

[0015] A system for and method of providing an air interface allowing for variable data rate by switching the bit time are described. In the following description, for purposes of explanation, numerous specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. It will be evident, however, to one skilled in the art that the exemplary embodiments may be practiced without these specific details. In other instances, structures and devices are shown in block diagram form in order to facilitate description of the exemplary embodiments.

[0016] In one embodiment, a computer system can be used which has a central processing unit (CPU) that executes sequences of instructions contained in a memory. More specifically, execution of the sequences of instructions causes the CPU to perform steps, which are described below. The instructions may be loaded into a random access memory (RAM) for execution by the CPU from a read-only memory (ROM), a mass storage device, or some other persistent storage. In other embodiments, hardwired circuitry may be used in place of, or in combination with, software instructions to implement the functions described. Thus, the embodiments described herein are not limited to any specific combination of hardware circuitry and software, nor to any particular source for the instructions executed by the computer system.

[0017] FIGURE 1 illustrates a system 100 in which a communication device 110 communicates with a base station 120 via an air interface 130. In an exemplary embodiment, communication device 110 can be a portable telephone, a personal digital assistant (PDA), or other communication device. Base station 120 can be a portable telephone base station, a communication routing device, or any other

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device that communicates with communication device 110. Air interface 130 can be a wireless communication interface between communication device 110 and base station 120. Communication system 110 and base station 120 can include a computer system that has a central processing unit (CPU) that executes sequences of instructions contained in a memory. As discussed above, hardwired circuitry can be used in addition to, or in place of, computer software or a computer system including a processing unit.

[0018] In an exemplary embodiment, system 100 provides for the communication of both voice and data from communication device 110 to base station 120 via air interface 130. Advantageously, air interface 130 has the ability to change its physical data rate on a channel basis. Air interface 130 can use a frequency hopping spread spectrum as a communication transmission method. Alternatively, air interface 130 can use direct sequencing spread spectrum as a communication transmission method. Air interface 130 has the ability to recognize interfered carriers and avoid them. Air interface 130 is described further with reference to FIGURE 2.

[0019] FIGURE 2 illustrates an air interface 200 including communication channels 210. Air interface 200 is a wireless communication interface between communication devices such as the devices in system 100 described with reference to FIGURE 1. Communication channels 210 can include a control channel 220, variable data rate channels 230, 240, and 250, and a high data rate channel 260. In other exemplary embodiments, a different number of data rate channels (N) can be utilized, for example, $N = \text{four}$ or $N = \text{five}$, where N represents the number of data channels.

be assigned to data rates, such as, 256 k bits/sec or 128 k bits/sec. Example multiples (M) can include 8 or 4, for example.

[0026] In a step 330, the control channel can recognize interfered carriers and avoid them. In an exemplary embodiment, the control channel can recognize interfered carriers by using measurements of occurring errors (e.g., bit error rate (BER)) and/or radio signal strength. Interfered carriers are then avoided by being declared or identified as bad and not used. In a step 340, the control channel detects if channels are disturbed. In an exemplary embodiment, the control channel uses CRC checks over part of the bits of a communication channel to decide if the data needs to be retransmitted.

[0027] Advantageously, the system and method described with reference to FIGURES 1-3 provides for the capability of changing the bit rate of the communication on a per channel basis. Moreover, the system and method provides a narrow band voice service in combination with a wide band data service, without changing the modulation scheme. Thus, the system and method described has good sensitivity and, therefore, a good range for narrow band services, such as, voice, while also providing wide band services, such as, data.

[0028] While the exemplary embodiments illustrated in the figures and described above are presently preferred, it should be understood that these embodiments are offered by way of example only. Other embodiments may include, for example, different techniques for determining channel data rates. The invention is not limited to a particular embodiment, but extends to various modifications, combinations, and permutations that nevertheless fall within the scope and spirit of the appended claims.